# United States District Court

### WESTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN

#### **UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**

**DENOIS E. LANIER** 

# ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING REVOCATION HEARING

Case Number: 1:08-CR-137

In accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C.§3142(f), a detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts require the detention of the defendant pending revocation hearing in this case. Part I - Findings of Fact The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. §3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a (federal offense) (state or local offense that would have been a federal offense if a circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had

	existed) that is	
	a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C.§3156(a)(4).	
	an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death.	
	an offense for which the maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in	
	a felony that was committed after the defendant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 19 U.S.C. §3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses.	
(2)	The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local	
offense.   (3) A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the (date of conviction) (release of the defendant from impris the offense described in finding (1).		
(4)	Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of (an)other person(s) and the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this	
	Alternate Findings (A)	
(1)	There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has committed an offense	
	for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in	
	under 18 U.S.C.§924(c).	
(2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will	

reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.

Alternate Findings (B)

There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.

There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.

Defendant recently became a participant in the ACE program in March 2011. The following month his supervised release had to be modified as a result of defendant driving while his license was suspended. A curfew provision was added to his supervised release.

The following month his supervised release was again amended because defendant (continued on attachment)

#### Part II - Written Statement of Reasons for Detention

Defendant has failed to show by clear and convincing evidence that there are conditions that will assure the safety of the community and his presence in court. Since his recent release from prison, defendant has repeatedly required increased supervision and the court is running out of options. It is difficult to supervise a person who is not honest with the court's probation officers, and who continues to endanger the public by driving in violation of the law.

## Part III - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court procéeding.

Dated:	August 1, 2011	/s/ Hugh W. Brenneman, Jr.	
		Signature of Judicial Officer	

Hugh W. Brenneman, Jr., United States Magistrate Judge

Name and Title of Judicial Officer

United States v. Denois E. Lanier 1:08-CR-137 ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING REVOCATION HEARING Page 2.

# Alternate Findings (B) - (continued)

failed to abide by his curfew. This time defendant was placed on home confinement with electronic monitoring for the duration of the curfew.

Defendant did not get into trouble in June 2011.

In July 2011, defendant is charged again with operating a vehicle without an operator's license, and lying to his probation officer by telling her he was not the person driving the car.